

General Assembly

January Session, 2003

Raised Bill No. 1029

LCO No. 3581

Referred to Committee on Public Safety

Introduced by: (PS)

AN ACT CONCERNING BOILERS AND HOT WATER HEATERS.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Assembly convened:

- Section 1. Section 29-231 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2003*):
- 3 The provisions of this chapter shall not apply to: (1) Boilers under federal control; (2) portable boilers used in pumping, heating, 4 5 steaming and drilling in the open field; (3) portable boilers used solely 6 for agricultural purposes; (4) [boilers on steam fire engines brought 7 into the state for temporary use in checking conflagrations; (5)] steam 8 heating boilers carrying a pressure of not more than fifteen pounds per 9 square inch, when used in private homes or apartment houses of not 10 more than five families, provided they [are equipped with adequate 11 safety devices comply with the State Building Code; [(6)] (5) hot water 12 heating boilers carrying a pressure of not more than thirty pounds per 13 square inch, when used in private homes or apartment houses of not 14 more than five families, provided they [are equipped with adequate 15 safety devices; (7) boilers installed and inspected under any city, town 16 or borough system of boiler inspection under standards equivalent to 17 those established under the provisions of this chapter; (8) comply with

18 the State <u>Building Code</u>; (6) hot water heaters approved by a nationally 19 recognized testing agency [which] that are equipped with adequate 20 safety devices including a temperature and pressure relief valve, 21 having a nominal water capacity of not more than one hundred twenty 22 gallons and a heat input of not more than two hundred thousand 23 British thermal units per hour and used solely for hot water supply 24 carrying a pressure of not more than one hundred sixty pounds per 25 square inch and operating at temperatures of not more than two 26 hundred and ten degrees Fahrenheit provided such heaters are not 27 installed in schools, day care centers, public or private hospitals, 28 nursing or boarding homes, churches [,] or public buildings, [or other 29 places of public assembly; (9)] as defined in section 1-1; (7) antique or 30 model boilers used in public, nonprofit engineering or scientific 31 museums and operated for educational, historical or exhibition 32 purposes having a shell diameter of less than twelve inches and a grate 33 surface area of less than one square foot; and [(10)] (8) public service 34 companies as defined in section 16-1.

Sec. 2. Section 29-236 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2003*):

No person shall inspect boilers under this chapter unless he holds a commission issued to him by the Commissioner of Public Safety as provided in this chapter. [This provision shall not apply to boiler inspectors in the state classified service on October 1, 1953.] Such commission may be suspended or revoked by the commissioner [upon evidence of incompetency or untrustworthiness of the holder thereof or for falsification of any matter or statement contained in his application or in a report of any inspection. A person whose commission is suspended or revoked shall have the right to appeal to the commissioner within two weeks after such suspension or revocation. The commissioner or his designee shall hold a hearing on such appeal at which the appellant may be present in person] for cause following notice and opportunity for hearing. Any person aggrieved thereby may appeal in accordance with section 4-183.

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Sec. 3. Section 29-237 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2003*):

All boilers included under this chapter shall be inspected by a state boiler inspector or by a special inspector employed by an insurance company licensed to insure boilers in this state as follows:

- (1) Power boilers, meaning boilers operating at steam or vapor pressures in excess of fifteen pounds per square inch gauge, except power boilers that operate with internal water treatment under the direct supervision of a qualified engineer, shall be inspected each year. Such boiler inspection shall consist of (A) a thorough internal and external inspection while not under pressure, and (B) an external inspection under operating conditions not more than six months after the internal and external inspection. No more than fourteen months shall elapse between internal inspections and between external inspections while under pressure.
- (2) Power boilers that operate with internal water treatment under the direct supervision of a qualified engineer shall be inspected every eighteen months. Such boiler inspection shall consist of (A) a thorough internal and external inspection while not under pressure, and (B) an external inspection under operating conditions not more than nine months after the internal and external inspection.
- (3) Where construction will permit, low pressure steam or vapor heating boilers, hot water heating boilers, hot water supply boilers and hot water heaters shall be inspected externally biennially and internally at the discretion of the boiler inspector. If a boiler inspector decides a hydrostatic test is necessary to determine the safety of a boiler or hot water heater, such test shall be made under the inspector's direction. The Commissioner of Public Safety may order inspections by the Department of Public Safety or the insurance carrier in addition to the regular annual or biennial inspections to clear up any doubts as to the safety of continuing the operation of any boiler or <a href="https://hot.nih.gov

83 allowed for such additional inspections, unless the owner or user is 84 found to have operated or ordered or permitted the operation of such 85 boiler or hot water heater, intentionally or negligently, in violation of 86 this chapter or the boiler regulations. Each boiler insurance carrier 87 shall forward to the commissioner, within thirty days following each 88 inspection as required by this chapter, a report of such inspection upon 89 [appropriate] forms [as promulgated by the commissioner, who may 90 use the form suggested by the American Society of Mechanical Engineers] provided by the Department of Public Safety. 91

- 92 Sec. 4. Section 29-238 of the general statutes is repealed and the 93 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2003*):
- 94 The owner or user of a boiler required by this chapter to be 95 inspected by the Commissioner of Public Safety or by state boiler 96 inspectors shall pay to the commissioner at the time of inspection a fee 97 as follows:
 - (1) Boilers of fifty square feet or less of heating surface, thirty dollars; boilers of over fifty square feet of heating surface and less than one thousand square feet, forty dollars; boilers of over one thousand square feet of heating surface and less than four thousand square feet, sixty dollars; boilers of at least four thousand square feet of heating surface and less than ten thousand square feet of heating surface, eighty dollars; boilers of at least ten thousand square feet of heating surface, one hundred dollars. External inspection: Boilers having fifty square feet or less of heating surface, twenty dollars; boilers having over fifty square feet of heating surface, twenty-five dollars. Not more than the equivalent of the internal and external inspection fees shall be charged or collected for any and all such inspections of any boiler in any one year.
 - (2) Inspection of heating boilers without a manhole, thirty dollars; inspection of heating boilers with a manhole, fifty dollars; inspection of hot water supply boilers and hot water heaters, thirty dollars. Not more than one fee shall be charged or collected for any and all such

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inspections of any low pressure boiler in any two-year period.

116 (3) [An additional fee based on the scale of fees applicable to an 117 internal inspection of the boiler shall be charged in any instance where 118 it is necessary to make a special trip to witness a hydrostatic test.] No 119 fee shall be required of the state or any agency of the state. All fees 120 collected by the commissioner under authority of this chapter shall be 121 transferred by the commissioner to the State Treasurer for deposit in 122 the General Fund. If the report of inspection by the Department of 123 Public Safety inspector indicates that any boiler meets 124 requirements of this chapter and the boiler regulations, an operating 125 certificate shall be issued by the commissioner to the owner or user. Such certificate shall state the pressure and other conditions under 126 127 which such boiler may be lawfully operated. An operating certificate 128 shall be valid for a period of not more than twelve months from the 129 date of internal inspection, in the case of power boilers inspected 130 pursuant to subdivision (1) of section 29-237, as amended by this act, 131 except that the certificate shall be valid for a period of not more than 132 two months beyond the period set by the Commissioner of Public 133 Safety in accordance with section 29-237, as amended by this act. An 134 operating certificate shall be valid for a period of not more than 135 eighteen months from the date of internal inspection in the case of 136 power boilers inspected pursuant to subdivision (2) of section 29-237, 137 as amended by this act. Operating certificates shall be valid for twenty-138 four months in the case of low pressure steam or vapor heating boilers, 139 hot water heating boilers, hot water supply boilers and hot water 140 heaters approved by a nationally recognized testing agency. If a boiler 141 inspected by a special inspector commissioned by said commissioner is 142 found to conform with the requirements of this chapter and the boiler 143 regulations, an operating certificate shall be issued by said 144 commissioner to the owner or user upon the receipt of the insuring 145 company's report and such owner or user shall be exempt from the 146 inspection fees provided by this section, except that for each certificate 147 so issued the owner or user of the boiler shall pay to said 148 commissioner the sum of twenty dollars. Said commissioner may

149 order reinspection if reasonable doubt exists regarding any inspection. 150 Such certificate shall state the pressure and other conditions under 151 which such boiler may be lawfully operated and shall be valid not 152 more than the period indicated in this section and shall be renewed 153 each year in the case of power boilers inspected pursuant to 154 subdivision (1) of section 29-237, as amended by this act, every 155 eighteen months in the case of power boilers inspected pursuant to 156 subdivision (2) of section 29-237, as amended by this act, and 157 biennially in the case of hot water heating or hot water supply boilers 158 and hot water heaters. An operating certificate shall be immediately 159 invalid if the boiler is relocated or altered, unless such relocation or 160 alteration has been approved in accordance with this chapter or the 161 boiler code and regulations. No boiler shall be operated unless a valid 162 operating certificate is displayed under glass in a conspicuous place in 163 the room in which such boiler is located. If the boiler is not located 164 within the building, the certificate shall be posted in a location 165 convenient to the boiler inspected. In the case of a portable boiler such 166 certificate shall be kept in a metal container to be fastened to the boiler 167 or kept in a tool box accompanying the boiler.

Sec. 5. Section 29-240 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2003*):

[Boiler and factory inspectors of the state, in their routine inspections, may examine the operating certificates and the operating conditions of all boilers and shall report any violations of this chapter or the boiler regulations immediately to the Department of Public Safety. The Commissioner of Public Safety shall forthwith order the owner or user of such boiler to comply with the law and the regulations at once and, if the violation may endanger life or property, said commissioner shall order the boiler closed down until the defect or violation is eliminated.]

Inspectors conducting inspections in accordance with the provisions of this chapter and the boiler regulations may, in the conduct of

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- 181 routine inspections, examine the operating certificates and operating 182 conditions of all boilers. Each inspector shall immediately report to the 183 Commissioner of Public Safety any violation of any provision of this 184 chapter or the boiler regulations. The commissioner shall issue such 185 orders as he deems appropriate to ensure compliance therewith. If a 186 violation poses a danger to life or property, the commissioner shall 187 order that operation of the boiler be discontinued until the defect or 188 violation is corrected. When a boiler has been placed out of service, the 189 owner or operator of such boiler shall not permit the boiler to be 190 operated again until the defect or violation has been corrected and the 191 commissioner has granted permission for the boiler to resume 192 operation.
- 193 Sec. 6. Section 29-242 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (Effective October 1, 2003):
- 195 [The commissioner and his authorized agents shall enforce the 196 provisions of this chapter and any regulations relating to boilers, and 197 for this purpose shall have access to the location of any boiler at any 198 reasonable time.]
- The Commissioner of Public Safety shall have the right of entry to the location of any boiler at any reasonable time for the purpose of enforcing the provisions of this chapter or the boiler regulations.
- 202 Sec. 7. (NEW) (Effective October 1, 2003) (a) Any person may apply to 203 the State Building Inspector to grant variations or exemptions from, or 204 approve equivalent or alternate compliance with, standards 205 incorporated into regulations adopted under authority of section 29-206 232 of the general statutes. The State Building Inspector may approve 207 such variations, exemptions, or equivalent or alternate compliance 208 where strict compliance with such provisions would cause practical 209 difficulty, unnecessary hardship or is otherwise adjudged 210 unwarranted.
- 211 (b) Any person aggrieved by any decision of the State Building

Inspector pursuant to subsection (a) of this section may appeal to the Commissioner of Public Safety not later than thirty days after such decision has been rendered. Any person aggrieved by any ruling of said commissioner may appeal therefrom to the superior court in accordance with the requirements of section 4-183 of the general statutes.

This act shall take effect as follows:	
Section 1	October 1, 2003
Sec. 2	October 1, 2003
Sec. 3	October 1, 2003
Sec. 4	October 1, 2003
Sec. 5	October 1, 2003
Sec. 6	October 1, 2003
Sec. 7	October 1, 2003

Statement of Purpose:

To revise statutory provisions concerning boilers and heaters to (1) eliminate obsolete and archaic technical references, (2) establish a modification process to allow the agency to accommodate unique situations not contemplated by its regulations, and (3) provide for an appeals process for owners or users in cases of hardship or where there are practical considerations.

[Proposed deletions are enclosed in brackets. Proposed additions are indicated by underline, except that when the entire text of a bill or resolution or a section of a bill or resolution is new, it is not underlined.]